# DOKSINGANADA

a national review of books

VOLUME 4, No. 3

**MARCH, 1975** 

asks whether

JUAN BUTLIER

deserves all the prizes

# DAVID LEWIS

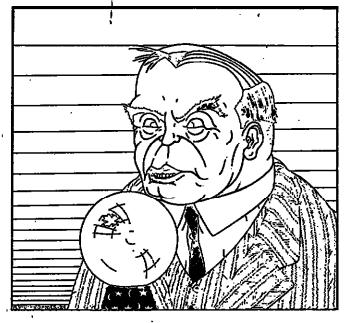
examines Alberta's

# SOCIAE GREDIT

dynasty

# SPECIAL SECTION ON EDUCATION

- Edgar Z. Friedenberg on loss of liberty
- Robert Stamp
   on class wars



C.P. STACETY

sums up William Lyon Mackenzie King

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plus REVIEWS BY

Peter Regenstreif, Susan Leslie, Peter Harcourt, Roger Hall, Len&mini, Doug Beardsley

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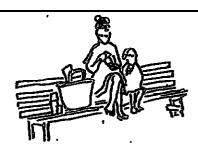
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# Books~Canada

Vol. 4 No. 3 MARCH, 1975

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# NOTES & COMMENTS

A GATHERING OF THE clans is how one wag described the publishing seminar held recently at Trent university and, in many ways it was an apt remark. The booksellers, the authors, both varieties of publisher — Canadian and branch plant — and the magazine editors bad all come together at the invitation of the academics and in the presence of the librarians, to display their strengths and disguise their weaknesses for the edification of the Secretary of State. They had come to his home riding of Peterborough, Ont, to, sit at his feet and to hear him proclaim the government's publishing policy. Many of them went away disappointed, discouraged, and angry.

To be **sure**, the event had **been** eclipsed by Hugh Faulkner's promise, delivered in the House of Commons the previous day, that he would introduce legislation (to be' effective Jan. 1. 1976) removing the special tax privileges enjoyed by *Time* (Canada) and *Reader's Digest*. While the proposal is certainly welcome, a lot **can** happen between now and January, **1976**, and we still don't have a precise definition of what constitutes a Canadian magazine.

What the minister announced at **Trent** was a **fulfilment** of promises made on the eve of the last federal election. It seemed to **us that** the statement would have carried more weight if it **had** been made in the House of Commons and, barring that, at a joint meeting of French- and **English**-speaking **publishers.** We saw no Quebec publishers in attendance.

The Canada Council's current assistance to publishers of some \$4 million is **to be** increased **annually** by \$1.5 million, earmarked for the promotion and distribution of Canadian books and periodicals. This new program, designed to make Canadian publications more accessible-and desirable to the **public**, includes such proposals as potting **books** and magazines on sale in federal buildings, financing a joint distribution and sales operation for mass-market **publishers**, distributing book reviews and promotional. information about Canadian publications. **and extending** the Foreign **Investment Review** Act.

Mr. Faulkner declined to discuss library **purchases**, Canadian representation in **retail** outlets. or educational publishing, claiming these were provincial and municipal areas of responsibility. Come on, Mr. Faulkner. Texts developed **in Ontario** have been used in every province of **the country**. Doesn't the production **of materials** transcend **provincial** boundaries?

The most significant development to **come from the** minister's speech was the formation of the Book and Periodical Development Council. Joining together the Writers\* Union. the Canadian Library Association, the **Canadian** Booksellers Association. the Canadian Periodical **Publishers** Association, and the Independent Publishers Association (a seat has been reserved for the **Canadian** Book Publishers Council, which **numbers among** its members both foreign **and** Canadian-owned firms), the new body marks the **first** step towards unity in an industry **fraught** with **suspicion**, petty feuds and major problems. The council's first act was to denounce **Faulkner's** statement.

But the members must solve some of their own internal squabbles **before effecting** any great changes in the industry. The booksellers want the publishers to provide better service and the librarians to buy directly **from** them; the librarians want to **sell** books in remote branches **and** to buy from the cheapest source; the writers want better royalties **from** the publishers. better displays **from** the booksellers arid librarians, **and** royalties from the taxpayers for borrowing their books **from** the libraries; and the publishen want to make more money. The council is a strange amalgam of private, public, and corporate concerns, and one that is prepared to bite the hand that feeds it — the federal **gov**, **ernment.** 

#### 000

THE CURRENT FUSS over the report of the Canadian Materials Committee of the **Toronto** Public Library Board strikes us as alarmist and misdirected. The committee **recom**mended that Canadian books be given a "central place" in the system's branches and that this could be achieved through a six-point plan involving, among other things, spending 20% of the library's budget for books and materials on Canadian tides. **This** point caused a dreadful hue and cry among many librarians, patrons, and concerned citizens who feared that a quota system would deny freedom to read, brainwash our children, and prevent young people from reading the best of **the** world's **books** while forcing them to consume the inferior **home-grown** product. Surely if Canadians am **ever** to become aware of their own culture, books and materials **must** be available in the public library — an institution that, after all. is supported by Canadian taxpayers. And,' is this need not doubly felt in the absence of comprehensive and mandatory courses in Canadian Studies in the schools?

#### 0 0 0

**SOME TIME AGO, Books in Canada** determined to devote this **issue** of the magazine to education. We started with a basic question: What is the percentage of Canadian content in the textbooks used in school curricula? Faced by a monumental research problem and a pressing deadline, we looked around for help, The Independent Publishers Association agreed it was a worthwhile project — one in fact the **PA** planned to tackle when it had more time, money, and staff. The Canada Studies Foundation, which for the past five years has sponsored teacher-based projects in social studies. only now is preparing itselffor an evaluation of the experiments. We decided to pursue a more specific topic. Namely, how has high school students' awareness of Canada changed since the watershed year of 1967? Our contacts bounced us fmm one academic to another until we had **come**, fruitlessly; **full circle**. We uncovered opinions in full measure, but facts were in short supply. And we're still wondering. Can anyone **out** there help us?

#### 0 0 0

QUALITY OF EDUCATION DEPARTMENT: A grade-eight student of our acquaintance is "doing" Africa in Social Studies. One of her assignments was to memorize the names of all the countries in Africa and their capital-cities. Which was fine. Except that, as her parents pointed out to her, the atlas her class is using, *The Ganadian Oxford School Atlas*, was published in 1963," and the names of at least 10 African countries (and capitals) have changed in the years since then. When the girl asked her geography teacher about the atlas, it turned out he didn't know it was out-of-date.

# MUST OUR KIDS REMEMBER THE ALIMO?

#### By MORRIS WOLFE

THE TWO REVIEW articles that follow, by Edgar z. Friedenberg and Robert Stamp deal with the problems of quality, and equality in Canadian education. But them's another question that has to be raised in any discussion of schooling in this country — that of the Canadian education of our children. Here things remain grim, and the situation in our elementary schools is, I believe, particularly so. Our public schools, at least in my experience, seem almost totally unconcerned with presenting, as Sonja Sinclair put it in the Background Papers to the Royal Commission on Book Publishing, "a point of view ... unadulterated by the nationalism of others." To an even greater extent than our high schools and universities. our elementary schools appear to be little more than branch plants of the American school system.

"I'm going to leave/Ol' Texas now/They've got no use/For the longhorn cow./ . . . Sav adios/To the Alimo. [sic]/And turn my head/Toward Mexico." So reads a neatly copied entry in the handwriting exercise notebook of one of my daughters. The American-produced math text used by another daughter consists of questions such as: "If one car leaves Philadelphia travelling at 75 m.p.h. and another leaves Pittsburgh travelling at 60 m.p.h. ..." The library at a school the children attended last year contained work by only two Canadian writers - L. M. Montgomery and Farley Mowat. Other school libraries I've seen aren't that much better. A poll of 80 Edmonton school children revealed their favourite Canadian writers to be Ernest Hemingway and Robert Frost. (Why shouldn't they believe that; given the readers they use?) The social studies section of the Ontario government's Curriculum Guidelines for grades one to six ends with a bibliography of professional books — except that only five of the 17 books listed are Canadian, and included in the five is A. B. Hodgett's What Culture? What Heritage?

The list of examples could go on, but the point, I suspect, is clear, and readers will be able to provide examples of their own. While there's little doubt that the nationalist movement of the past several years has had. some effect on university curricula. and to a lesser extent on the course content of the secondary schools, it has had no discernible effect, at least so far as this observer can tell, where it's needed most-in our elementary schools. Young children move from their largely American-dominated television screens to their largely American-influenced classrooms without really knowing that they're Canadian.

It should be possible to walk into a **classroom** and know (without peeking at the Rag in the fmnt hall) what country **the classroom** is in. Based on the books my **elementary** school kids use and **their** course content, one couldn't be **certain** much of the time whether they **were** attending Canadian or American schools.

The token Canadian content **that** they do get, mostly in social studies, is still **taught** in the same dull mte fashion **that** I **experienced** 25 years or so ago. It's as if nothing has changed. It's as if the schools were — and are — **deliber**. **ately setting out to deliberate us of any real sense of our past.** A **recent** M&S book on the Canadian educational system asked us in its title, **Must** Schools **Foil?**, implying **that** they do. But the fact is, schools don't **fail**; mass **educa**-

tion succeeds remarkably well at doing what the industrial revolution created it for -producing people who are semiliterate, uncritical, without a sense of history, and most of all, conformist.

Why else can branch-plant publishers such as Collier-Macmillan get away with oeddline such inane trine as its Canadian History Program, a series of pamphlets on aspects of our history designed for use in senior elementary and junior high schools? The pamphlets consist of photographs and snippets of prose from the period under discussion. followed by questions about them. In the pamphlet titled New France for example, there's a photograph of a statue of Governor Frontenac. The caption under the photograph reads: "This statue of Governor Frontenac can still be seen in the town square of Quebec City today. Note that Frontenac is pointing to the mouth of a cannon; Why?" There's a moving passage from an unidentified play in the pamphlet titled The Great Depression. A woman cries out to her husband: "... your boss is making suckers out of all the

Young children move from their largely American-dominated television screens to their largely American-influenced classrooms without really knowing that they're Canadian.

wives and the poor innocent kids who'll grow up with crooked spines and sick bones. Sure, I see it in the papers, how good orange juice is for the kids. But our kids get colds one on top of the other. They look like little gliosts. Betty never saw a grapefruit. I took her to the store last week and she pointed to a stack of grapefruits. what's that? she said. My God, Joe-the world is supposed to be for all of us." The passage ends with two questions for discussion. "1. What should you eat in order to keep well? 2. Was Betty well fed, do you suppose?" If a steady diet of stuff like that won't make our kids stupid. I don't know what will.

My 13-year-old daughter complained bitterly last year about how boring the Canadian history was that they were doing in social studies. She hated it, she said. Her grade seven class was "studying" the founding of New France. What that meant was having to "learn by heart" notes their teacher dictated to them, and then having to regurgitate that material on weekly quizzes. ("Learning by heart" must once have meant committing to memory something of spe cial personal significance. That hasn't been the case for a



From The Great Depression, by Barnett Singer (Collier-Macmillan Canadian History Program, \$1.95 paper).

long time now — at least not in schools. "Learning by heart" has come to mean committing to memory something an authority figure wants memorized for reasons that are usually unclear.) At the same time that my daughter was complaining about history at school, she was carefully organizing her time at home to be free to watch her favourite television programs — Pierre Berton's stories about Canada

on My Country, Patrick Watson's simulated interviews with historic figures on Witness to Yesterday, and for eight weeks Pierre Berton's The National Dream.

Our schools, I'm afraid — particularly our elementary schools — continue to be pan of the problem rather than part of the solution. Those of **us who** are **nationalists** are losing the most important battle of all.

# SCHOOLS AND THE LOSS OF LIBERTY

# In their attitude toward education Canadians may be engaged in a conspiracy against their own civil rights

The Learning Machine: A Hard Look at Toronto Schools, by Loren Jay Lind, The House of Anansi, 228 pages, \$8.50 cloth and \$4.75 paper.

#### By EDGAR **Z. FRIEDENBERG**

THIS IS ONE of the best books about schools I have read in some years, as Lind was one of the sharpest and most perspicacious education reporters to work regularly for a metropolitan daily. The articles he wrote for the Toronto Globe and Mail (he now covers City Hall) would put Fred **Hechinger** to shame, if that were possible, though the New York **Times** is not generally more bland and less critical than the **Globe and Mail.** Lind's work demonstrates clearly. that in-depth investigative reporting need be no more limited by its attention to concrete cases than formal research in the social sciences is. While **no general** theoretical statement emerges as a summary of Lind's findings, he gives such a complete, accurate, and historically rooted account of the way the Toronto system operates that the principles involved are easily made explicit and applicable as general statements, just as most of the classical physics could be understood from a really clear and conscientious account of the way an automobile operates. Fmm the schools, however, one learns principally sociology and politics. They do not teach us much about physics, aside from the principles of inertia. They also constitute a form of **entropy**, increasing their drain upon available energy as the world grows more chaotic.

All but the last of the 11 essays that constitute **Lind's** book deal with specific events, **procedures**, programs, or organizational aspects of the Toronto system; while the last is an eloquent and disarming plea for a much greater measure of local control of **community** schools, which Lind sees as the only practicable way of making them **more** responsive to the needs of the **working-class** majority **that** constitutes their clientele.

Lind begins with a comparison, based on **personal** observation. of two elementary schools: **Dundas** Street, on the edge of the inner city, and John Ross Robertson in an upper-middle- to upper-class district of North Toronto. The schools are not as different as one might expect. As Lind observes:

Inside their doors, the sharp differences melted into subtleties. At Dundas and at John Ross Robertson, education comes in what appears to be much the same package. I found bath places wrapped snugly in the middle-class etiquette of schooling. But at each school the wrapping had a different effect, depending on the interplay of school and community.

Neither school dealt honestly with either its pupils or their society. "What's often strived for," Lind notes, "is a hyped euphoria, an artificial ecstacy, that offers learning at the expense of nine-tenths of what the children know." But the dishonesty affects children of different social classes very differently. Higher-status children learn ii as proper PR; the tone of the school is like that of a TV commercial, though clumsier, and it cues them in to expect success in the kind of life they suppose they are destined to lead. The school is the first public arena in which they develop and display their skills at games people play. Working-class youngsters are more likely to find the school merely bewildering, as it reconciles itself and them to their place in the vocational stream of life -cooling out, usually, any great expectations:

The feeling was that the poor had to be brought up to middle-class standards before "excellence" was even in question. If some went so far as to succeed, that only showed that they could do it if they really tried. These forces coloured the atmosphere of schooling; you picked it up in the tiny nuances as well as the gross statistics. A facile conclusion would be that the system worked at John Ross Robertson, while at Dundas Street it failed. Quite otherwise: it worked at both schools.

Amen.

Lucid **and** fundamental as it is, Lind's essay "Two Schools" is among the least novel in *The Learning Machine*. Peter Schrag did much this kind of thing very well with reference to American schools' of the **1960s** in Voices in the Classroom and with specific reference to the Boston school system in Village School Downtown — a book, now neglected. that was wholly prophetic of Boston schools in 1975. Even earlier in his book The Schools, the

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journalist Martin Mayer approached American schools similarly, though without **Loren** Lind's gritty grounding in either their history or their politics. But the remaining chapters of the book **are** unique. They **are** of Canada all compact. and in the case of the 10th chapter, "The Davis Imperative," the Family Compact as well. **This** is the place to **learn** not only

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THE CALL OF THE WILD by Jack London

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of **Premier** Davis but also of Bishop **Strachan**, and of other dignitaries of pedagogic history strung out between them along what now can be seen as Desolation Row.

Lind gives equally cogent attention to contemporary **problems** of the Toronto school system. His **discussion** of the plight **of** immigrant parents attempting to preserve their culture by having courses in **their** native languages offered in the schools, against the resistance of the Director of Education and often of their own children — who see English clearly as the language relevant to their economic future — is a moving account of the costs of New Canadianism. His chapter "On Having to Read" fully documents the statements of the late Paul Goodman concerning the overemphasis schools place on teaching people reading -instead of letting them learn it-and the frustration and stultification thii often causes. There is a hopeful chapter on sex education, which seems to have been ap proached in Toronto with special candour and intelligence; Lind would like to believe that this might serve as an opening for a more concrete humaneness in other areas as well, but finds **little** evidence that this is happening. His chapter on the fiscal complexities of the school system is, of necessity, extremely complex; but it is clear and provides information absolutely essential to anyone who wishes to appraise the schools so as to fix their place in the system of social priorities in a time of economic crisis. And his chapter on "The Coming of SBF" is the best and most original in the book: "The acronym stands for Studies in Educational Facilities. It was, in fact, a \$40 million crash course in technical innovation, bringing to fulfilment the then Education Minister William Davis' intention 'to plan the shape of future schools to avoid obsolescence, and to control costs'. " The SEF schools, designed by a Ford Foundation subsidiary with a maximum of technology and a minimum of community consultation — ordinarily, none promised flexibility, but turned out to be ugly and uniform, and generally more expensive par square foot than those put up by independent contractors during the same period, often incorporating unique, locally inspired features of design.

IN HIS LAST chapter Lind abandons his descriptiveanalytical approach to argue for a more rational and humane procedure in planning for the use of increasingly limited resources. His basic recommendation, as I have indicated, is for much greater local participation in planning and governance of schools. On this point he is at one with George Martell -one of the essays in Lind's book, the one dealing with the question of native-language instruction, appears in somewhat abridged form in Martell's recent collection, The **Politics of the Canadian Public School. Lind** is eloquent and. I should think, to a Canadian reader, convincing. To an American reader — at any rate, to this American reader - he Is less so. Canadians have accustomed themselves through the years to a government so much more centralized and overtly elitist than Americans that they are inclined, I believe, to underestimate the mess quite ordinary people are capable of making of **things** when they get the chance. William Davis and I would not, I fear, take kindly to one another, but he is to Louise Day Hicks as **Hyperion** to a satyr, though the metaphor cannot, of course, be applied closely in this case. In any event, Lind himself states the problem baldly enough in observing that "the schools in Canada are part of the larger logic of a political economy that sanctions the conditioning of students to its uses, however harmful that process is to them." I see little evidence that any group objects strongly to this; objection is directed

rather, at the fact that the school leaves the children of the poor, of native. peoples and other discriminated groups, insufficiently useful to other people to guarantee them a secure place. It isn't being used destructively that they mind (that, after ail, is what happens to many of the privileged) but being neglected destructively, and deprived of their potential — not for self-development but for lucrative and secure placement. Few Canadian parents, of any social class. cherish the development of the young for their own sake. Lind is aware of this, when he quotes Clive Beck's Moral Education in the Schools:

"I do not think we are aware of the tremendous backlog of authoritarianism toward younger people ... that exists in our society," he wrote. "It pervades our school systems, our family arrangements, our laws, our whole society. The inferior status of women in our society, barbaric though it is, is easily outweighed by the disrespect and subservience to which we commit our children" (ellipsis d's).

Of course, the **problem** is circular, as serious social **problems** always are. The schools inculcate the deference on which **elites** depend for social stability; but they delight parents, and most of the local community, **by** doing just

Canadians have accustomed themselves ... to a government so much more centralized and overtly elitist than Americans that they are inclined ... to underestimate the mesa quite ordinary people are inclined to make of things when they get a chance.

that. Lind is explicitly aware of this difficulty, too: "The socialist critique offers a fair assessment of social reality, a good basis for outward political struggle. But it too often neglects the psycho-social underpinnings of oppression. The struggle is deeply personal as well as boldly political. Unless we somehow contend with what Wilhelm Reich described as 'the emotional plague' we will hardly be able to rearrange society to liberate ourselves."

Except when they can blame their lack of **freedom** on the United States (as. of **course**, they often may justly do) Anglophone Canadians do hot appear to place a high priority on liberating themselves -not nearly so high, I fear, as they place on restoring capital punishment. They appear more often to be engaged in a great conspiracy against their own civil rights in the name of respect for authority. The schools deserve that end very well; and it may be no ultimate loss for liberty if rising costs make the Canadian **people** unable to afford as much as they want of the kind of schooling they prefer for their children. The difficulty is that, as societies approach economic crisis, it is often their mom genial functions that are sacrificed first while measures intended as social controls are maintained or intensified. The Learning Machine is not a muck-raking book, or an alarmist one. It is merely honest, perceptive, and fully informed. Thii, of itself, will make it enough to spoil many a reader's deep **dream** of peace.



# THE LAST CLASS WAR

Educational Opportunity: The Pursuit of Equality; by W.G. Fleming, Prentice-Hall of Canada, 133 pages, \$5.95 cloth and \$3.75 paper.

#### By ROBERT STAMP

**CAN** A **SERIES** of educational **texts** appeal both to **studenf** teachers and the general public? **If this** volume is indicative of other offerings in Prentice-Hall's "Critical **Issues** in Canadian Education" series. the **answer** is a resounding "No." Series editor Alan King is naive when he proclaims that "anyone concerned with serious inquiry into the **educational** process in Canada should find each volume a stimulating **learning** experience." **These** books are likely to be read only by captive audiences -those teachers-in-training forced to endure yet another required education course.

There's a glimmer of **hope** in the opening chapter of **Educational Opportunity**, but it quickly fades away. Fleming admits that the concept of educational equality "refers to an unattainable i&al — both because education leads to a **great** variety of **outcomes** and **because** there are **ineradicable** differences in the capacity of individuals to utilize educational opportunities." But instead of pursuing the question of class and cultural barriers to equality, the author chooses to **concentrate** on the "stages of progress" toward the realization of the dream.

The result is **an** ever-onward, ever-upward success story, with the public school cast in the **role** of hero; each **year** we come closer and closer to realizing that impossible dream. We **are** treated to lengthy accounts of "progress" made in the various provinces and local school systems towards providing equality of access (more programs available to more children). equality of facilities (bringing all schools up to certain acceptable standards), equality of programs (diversified curricula with something **for everyone**), and equality of outcomes (more and **more** high-school graduates and post-secondary students).'

Unfortunately Fleming passes much too quickly over the **conflicts**. Yesterday's barriers to educational equality — inter-provincial and urban-rural differences — **are** being overcome, and perhaps deserve only a **brief** mention. But

The coming battles will be initiated by angry groups of parents who have first-hand knowledge of what schools do to their children.

with each passing decade society discovers new obstacles to equality. The major barrier **of the** 1970s -the middle-class WASP school versus the lower-class child — **is** dismissed all too **easily.** 

Perhaps it's the author's own middle-class perspective that makes it difficult for him to comprehend the angry cries of working-class parents. He does admit that "the school remains a bastion of support **for** traditional patterns of conduct." **But** then he reveals himself: "The very existence of the civilizations of the Western world depends on the acceptance of **certain** values and the rejection of others." It's up to the lower-class child to adapt to **the**. **behaviour** 

'patterns and **norms** of the **middle-class** school. Adaptation for **Fleming** is not a **two-way street**.

This **point** of view leads to some **curious** omissions. We hear nothing from the parents at Toronto's Park School nor **from** the parents in Montreal's **Pointe** St. **Charles** region, who **have** been fighting for decent inner-city **schools** since **the** beginning of the decade. Nor **do we learn about** the efforts **of rural** parents in **Ninette**, Man., **or Vineland**, Ont., to keep their small schools open in the face of **effortstoward** bureaucratic centralization. These parents are **fighting** for educational equality, **even though their desired goal may be somewhat different from that of the school administrators.** 

The shock **troops** of the "equal opportunity" struggle in, Canada today tend **more** and more to be "disadvantaged" parents rather than educational **managers**. The bureaucracy may have gone as far as it can in providing **equality**; the coming battles will be initiated by angry **groups** of parents who have first-hand knowledge of what **schools** do to their children

"Bureaucracy" and "community" are emerging as the two opposing forces that **promise** to dominate the politics of Canadian education **during** the latter half of the 1970s. The individual's response will be conditioned by his own personal view **of the future of** civilization. If that view is one of institutional advance, supported by the bureaucratic and **technocratic** imperative, then he or she will applaud the march of progress documented by **Fleming**. But **if he sees community**. **initiative as a means of redressing the wrongs of our schools**, he will be disappointed *Educational Opportunity: The Pursuit of Equality*.

#### **CLASS IN EVOLUTION**

We sit in a circle of chairs books open on our laps. we are doing Darwin this week, tracing his innocent maps of order all the way to the cloudless solution.

watching 'what had waited transparent all those fumbling years fall open like a garden flower, step by step confusion closed by theory.

And no clause left for accident.

Beneath his patterned stars it is a rotter of destiny with doomed orders huddled together as the earth's edge. their time done.

Now we ore sent, the appointed ones, bookeating swallowing species hungering circular monster lunching on reasons for being here.

**(From** *intersect*, by Carol Shields, Borealis **Press**, paper. unpriced).

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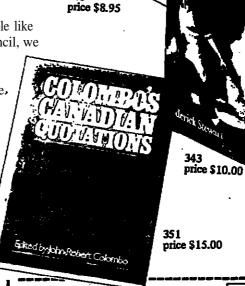


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# WAS SPIRO AGNEW RIGHT?

Here's a man who knows what's wrong with Canadian writers; they-are an elitist pack of effete snobs

#### By JIM CHRISTY

HOLD ON. SOMETHING strange is going down in Canadian literature on the literary scene, if you please, and I think I know what it is: animbroglio of sorts, at least from my perspective. It's a question of priorities. Everywhere I look there's a writer complaining and most of the complaints are ridiculous. I'm thinking about all these people who take themselves so seriously unmindful of the fact that it could he much worse, they could be working. As if they shouldn't thank their lucky stars that they can make money fmm their writing especially in a country of 22 million people, very few of whom are **affected** in any way by the material they are writing. All these people are uppermiddle-class, sophisticated, university-educated types writing about upper-middle-class. sophisticated, universityeducated types and this son of thing, I submit, does not **interest** the potential reading public in this country because they do not come from that class; in fact, I submit further that most people in that class are even bored by the writing because it is so damn vapid and square, about as exciting as a six-year-old, six-cylinder. four-door sedan inching along

This theory of mine, which others seem to sham and which seems country simple, has not been mentioned **in** any of the cry-baby articles I've read of late about the **sorry** plight of **Canadian** writers. **What** is mentioned is the nasty publishers. the lack of a **reading** public; **I read** about some brave author wanting to smash a copy machine as a protest against something, I read about a magazine being boycotted, I **read** about royalties fmm **libraries**. perhaps the **most** ridiculous suggestion of all is the Writers' Union's **ex**-pressed goal of a closed shop, which means that it could tell

Let's take literature out of the hands of ail those bores who live their lives in pinch-penny installments, so smug and content as if their family-sedan prose was holy.

publishers they could **publish** only union writers. **Well, I've.** been a member of the IWW, The National Maritime Union, and the Teamsters hut **that** is enough to make me a **proud** scab. Such petty grievances and myopic solutions! Will somebody please tell me it's all a joke? But, alas, everyone's serious, dead serious. It **seems** that if you want to become an insider you have to leave your laugh at the door

The real reason the industry is in trouble — and it's so damn obvious — is that practically no one is writing anything that anyone else wants to read. It's an elitist act and it's high time the curtain came down.

In every other country of the world 'with a vital **literature** the industry is **supported** by its popular writers. It is these people who **are** responsible for the publication of the elitist writers, the avant-garde, the poets. **Here**, with the exception

of-Hugh Garner, who is not taken seriously -is called the best bad writer in the country — them is no popular writer. The **result** is a body of jejune and bloodless prose supported by the government and high-school required-reading lists. Mention "the people" and watch a Canadian writer smirk. They can't handle Gerard de Nerval's statement that poetry is in the skeet because, you see, it is these same people who am in the street and they're dumb. I doubt, however. that either truck drivers or entrepreneurs want to read about some **professor** going out into the woods and feeling victimized when he **realizes that** it's all because of American domination of his country's economy. Later, for that. I mea", it may interest some people but. ... Look, I go into a bar and meet an Estonian who served **five** years on the. Russian front, works a lathe, cross-breeds rare flowers, speaks 10 languages and reads a book a day (none of them Canadian); them are **Hungarian freedom** fighters, waitresses born in Russian concentration camps, Indian pool hustlers, Negm pimps, prostitutes, inventors, trappers, deserters from the Turkish airforce, millionaire art restorers . . . . All these **people** read books. I haven't made **them** up, I know ' each one of them and practically no one is writing about them or for them. In fact, the only **people doing anything** are women and they're not doing much. But, better them than the ball-less and bloodless work of the smug avantgarde and the writers-in-residence.

Them is this whole other experience that enriches Canadian life and people who come out of that experience, should they happen to write, are met with incredulity; and lo and behold, if they get a book published it invariably will be botched. I'm thinking of Marcel Home's Annals of the Firebreather, a book that should have been a best seller but the publisher decided to stick a price tag on it that restricted it to the heretofore-mentioned public, that frankly wasn't interested in the confessions of a real ma". one who has lived.

The best thing I've mad in more than a year is a manuscript by a guy named Barry Dickey, a narrative about hi experiences driving a cab in Toronto. I mentioned thii recently to a publisher who thought I was putting him on: "Who in the world would be interested in something like that?"

A publisher's reader. a month or so ago. praised a book of mine glowingly in terms of style, structure, and language but admitted "there is a house prejudice against this sort of thing." He meant the life style of the people in the book, in other words. me and the people I came in contact with since it was autobiographical. He said it has all been clichéd, as if I were a sociologist or an interloper. Would a book about suburbia or the university life be rejected on the same grounds?

Those in the know just don't understand and it's discouraging but then I take a job every once and awhile. Dennis Duffy, in a recent Globe and Mail review of the anthology Outlaws had the audacity to criticize the contributors — Erling Friis-Baastad, Pat Lane. Charlie Leeds. Marcel Home, and myself — not in terms of our writing, but for assuming the position of fellaheens. He claimed that

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we were messing with a "vein that has been thoroughly worked" 'and should **be** "pushing out further to where the **real** outlaws live." An **example** of a real outlaw, be says, is Mordecai Richler's Joey Hersh. Well, excuse me professor, I don't want to take anything away fmm that particular novel but we're playing for real here. We're not making up anything. The point is that the designation "outlaw" or "outsider" connotes more than someone's criminal record; it represents the alienation and estrangement that make Up the secret dominant experience of our society. The vein we're working is our own experience.

**The nitty gritty** is that people would read Canadian literature if it had anything to do with their lives, if it explored that gallimaufry existence just beyond the blinders of elitist eyes. Let's take literature out of the hands of all those bores who live their lives in pinch-penny instalments, so smug and content as if their family-sedan prose was holy. Let's heat from somebody who has lived. Let's see someone take a risk or **two**. Give **us** a feeling, richness, excitement, adventure, something that makes life easier to bear or at least explains a **tiny bit** of it. **Yes**, that's **precisely** what I want. some **LIFE**. **Here**, here! □

# Life on the unfunny pharm

Blackout, by Hubert **Aquin, translated** by Alan Brown, The House **of Anansi,** 168 pages, \$8.50 cloth and \$3.50 paper.

#### By BRIAN VINTCENT

**READING** AN Aquin novel is like standing too long under the etchings of **Goya's maimed** monsters and wretched **lunatics** howling down the cavernous halls of the Prado in Madrid. The **experience** in **both** cases is harrowing, to say the least.

Aquin's world is a pitiless, glacial nightmare peopled by paranoids, murderers, and rapists who **take** enormous doses of drugs like sodium **amytal** to forget or remember **or just** to help **them** cope **with their** spiritual bankruptcies. When they have taken enough to make them dazzlingly euphoric **or** hopelessly despairing, they write about themselves in confessional tones.

**Blackout** is the third of **his** novels describing this unpretty world that has

**appeared** in **English**. Like **The Antiphonary** and **Prochain Episode**, **this** is an **eccentric** mystery story that is allowed to unfold as it will and does so with staggering complexities and serpentine twists and **turns**.

Little is certain. A Québécois pharmacist, who is a revolutionary and unquestionably deranged, murders his English Canadian mistress and pursues her memory throughout the book. (It is not difficult to read this as political allegory, or more precisely separatist wish-fulfilment.) A second plot involving the dead girl's sister and a. black pharmacist fmm Nigeria runs parallel to the first. Criminal fantasies and. insanity cripple character after character. Even the book's editor, whose oldwomanish fussing with the text results in a glut of prim footnotes, finds himself teetering on the brink as he struggles for control of the story with a character of **protean** powers known as RR. Mystery compounds mystery and the reader is **left** to make what he can out of **all** this muddle.

Blackout appeared originally in French as Trou de mémoire in 1968.

Most of its present interest lies in the fact that it is dearly a rehearsal for L'antiphonaire, which was published the' following year. It sketches out a good. many of The Antiphonary's themes and Aquin's much discussed, though puzzling, fascination with esoteric 16th-century-science makes its first clumsy appearance here. In The Antiphonary, this erudition loses its show-off quality and becomes an integral pan of the novel.

Part of the problem with Blackout lies in the novel's style. Early on in the book, the author of these confessions writes: "There is only one possible law of style; write to the maximum of intensity and incantation." Which is just what Aquin does. The result is long paragraphs (one section consists of more than eight pages virgin of paragraphs, a phenomenon I had not expected to find outside of Proust) full of passionate polemic -political, sexual and intellectual.

This is **interesting** enough for the light it sheds on a character searching, like his country of French Canada, for an identity; but Aquin has almost forgotten to include a narrative in his **enthusiasm. Happily**, the balance is **re**stored in the book's latterand **best parts** when **the author takes** the black **pharmacist** and his nymphomaniac girlfriend on a journey of mental and physical collapse from Lagos through **Lausanne** and Paris back to **Montreal** 

and the novel's dramatic though **puz-zling** climax.

Once again, as in *The Antiphonary*, which won him the Canada Council's first award for excellence in literary translation, Nan Brown has **produced a flawless** English text that preserves the density and intricate hysterical tone of the original.

So far. **Aquin's work** has been a continuum of ever-increasing quality. Each of his new books has been better than **his** last. This augurs well for his latest novel, **Neige noire**, which has recently appeared in Quebec book shops.

# Bright kids,. moronic adults'

Waken, Lords and Ladies Gay: Selected Stories of Desmond Pacey, edited and with an introduction by Frank M. Tiemey, Borealis Press, 118 pages, \$4.95 paper.

The Story So Far 3, edited by David **Young,** Coach House **Press,** 174 pages, \$4.95 paper.

### By MICHAEL **SMITH**

DESMOND PACEY WROTE and published 31 short stories between 1937 and 1972, which means he was probably busy at other things. After all, Pacey is a critic, and a substantial children's poet. but not exactly the sort of writer you expect to see grouped with Raymond Knister and E. W. Thomson in the new Canadian Short Story Library series from Borealis Press.

One reason be may well have been selected is that **Pacey's** stories seem so typical of what threatens to become the prototype of all Canadian short fiction. Like many others, they're planted in **rural** settings (or settings so simple they may as well be **rural)**; they **often** concern the adult observations of children, and several have to do with death. None seems particularly **memorable**; and yet most provide a good comfortable **read**.

A lot are reminiscent of stories by Sinclair Ross — an acknowledged influence on Pacey — as for instance. in "The Test," a struggling farm couple stands to lose its livelihood when its dairy herd gets tuberculosis. Similarly, "That Day in the Bush" echoes some of Knister's work as Pacey builds — though far more simply — the momentous atmosphere that precedes a farm youth's tragic fate.

Pacey often draws the tension between childhood and the flawed adult world that fictional Canadian tads seem uniquely and so prodigiously able to perceive. In the title story he describes the reactions of a couple of English boys to their rural teachers, and the wily carnal cheek displayed by one advanced IO-year-old. In "Aunt Polly" a child discovers his elders' greed after a family death.

Somehow it seems significant that Pacey, who has all the outward qualifications of the obfuscating academic, writes such Simple, mostly innocent stories about Canadian and English **people** while so many new young writers seem almost **driven** to spew **up** muddled. awful stuff.

At the risk of appearing a literary fanatic, I can't imagine why anybody would want to read The Story So Far 3. Almost all these stories — most are no better than short vignettes — are "experimental," which you are free to interpret as meaning riddled with gimmickry. A handful (by Matt Cohen, George Bowering, David McFadden and others) are good, I guess, but anything worth reading either has been published elsewhere (I'd seen Cohen's story before) or will be. There's not much sense trying to read them here because of all the junk between them.

If I were browsing through a **book-store**, just a glance at a couple of the introductions ("When asked about biography. he said, 'I write in the dark' and 'I squat to crap' ") would be enough to make me pot this silly book down. **The** text and accompanying **photos** (A **A Bronson** posed nude on a bed) **are** the kind of moronic vomit that would have been embarrassing in a high-school yearbook.

Somebody at the Canada Council sees fit to give money to Coach House **Press**, and with some of it this overpriced nonsense was produced. All you **are** given for your money is a collection of in-jokes from a **bunch of** aging freaks who seem to lack even **the** talent to be **funny** about it. I like it better my way: "I squat in the dark" and "I **crap** to write."





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Canadian Healing Oil, by Juan Butler, Peter Martin Associates, 153 pages, \$8.95 cloth.

#### By JIM CHRISTY

JUAN BUTLER IS UNIQUE in the narrow world of Canadian fiction. He is explor-. ing. adrift may be more accurate, in a terrain few others cam to visit, if they even know it exists. He is an egregious writer capable of startling feats of language, of sculpting vignettes with a sudden power. as he says, "like a nail being driven through your ear...' It is because of this special talent and his own' awareness of it that Butler feels comfortable hinting in print — hell, **proclaiming** — his own greatness and claim to Governor General's **Awards** and Nobel Prizes of the future. Armgance, supported by special gifts, can be an appealing thing. Had Canadian **Healing Oil** been Butler's second novel instead of his third, such would be the case hem. But, as it is, the whole act falls flat.

Butler's first book, *Cabbagetown Diary*, was a raw look at a particularly bad city experience, awkward in sections but vital and honest. It was followed a couple years later by *The Garbageman*, Which contained some of the most powerful scenes in Canadian literature. It was a startling novel featuring a chaotic landscape of violence where the borders of dream and waking blurred, the story existing in a state of hypnogogic terror. The only weakness was again some clumsiness of style that particularly marred the ending.

The Garbageman drew praise from the phenomenal English writer Colin Wilson, who commented, "It is a kind of extreme, a boundary. ... The question is whether you now have the qualities to go beyond it." Butler probably does have the qualities and is quoted on the jacket of the current novel as saying his intention is to spend the rest of his life, "going beyond it." But he didn't do it in Canadian Healing Oil because he bent over backwards to surrealism.

There is none of the awkwardness of the other books but neither is them the violence that seemed to be his forte. his device to mirror the soul. to go "beyond." The book is a melange of dream, "reality," history, politics, inner dialogue, travel notes; and

**esoteria.** Rather than being **an** effective display of versatility and sustained multi-level writing, it descends to crafty dilletantism. The book was **probably** written very quickly. It just reads too easily, not with white-heat passion either, but a methodical, paragraph by paragraph climbing and descending of the levels. Here a **little** Bousingo mythology, a dash of perversion, some sectarian political parody, a jigger of fear. Had he taken longer, Butler could have buttressed the con**struction.** He wouldn't have based the most potentially important section of the book, a parable about rage and terror, on misinformation about the inherent qualities of two snakes that he **com**pares, a rattler and a tree viper.

Surrealism has been useful to Butler in his **first** two books as a means, as counterpoint to his realistic power. In this book he's abandoned the **real** and,



Juan Butler

thus, simply lost his edge. He's sacrificed a lot of passion for a little hit of polish. It seemed to me that in his third novel Butler employed every technique, looked everywhere possible, to avoid, purposely, the intimations of *The Garbageman*. Perhaps he turned away from something he didn't want to see-destiny, the beyond, call it what you will. Near the end of Canadian Healing Oil, the author's persona is about to drink of the "dark, tar-like liquid" but a woman stops him. "Not now, monsieur," she says. "It is solely for the moment when you come face to face with your destiny."

To **go** beyond, Juan Butler has to pick up something he **lost** along the way. If he does, he'll deserve all the prizes. □

# Pine-needle paths of glory

Great Stories of Canada, **six** reissues, **Macmillan, each** \$4.95 **cloth** and \$2.95 paper:

-Captain of the Discovery, by Roderick Haig-Brown, illustrated by Gordon MacLean, 174 pages.

-Arctic Assignment, by F.S. **Farrar**, edited by **Barret Bonnezen**, illustrated by **Merle** Smith, 154 pages.

Scarlet **Force**, by T. **Morris Longstreth**, illustrated by Alan Daniel, **154** pages.

—The Golden Trail, by Pierre Berton, illustrated by Alan Daniel,

110 pages.

—The Nor'Westers, by Marjorie Wilkins Campbell, illustrated by Gordon MacLean, 128 pages.

—Man from St. Malo, by Robert D. Ferguson, illustrated by Merle Smith, 122 pages.

#### By SUSAN **LESLIE**

MACMILLAN IS TO be commended for the new, revised editions of its Great Stories of Canada series. Originally commissioned some 20 years ago, the series was intended to bring some of the more exciting aspects of our history to young Canadian readers. This year, six have been reissued, and they truly are great stories. The voyages of Cartier, the tight of the Nor'Westers to control the fur trade, the discoveries of Vancouver, the Klondike gold rush—these am adventures that put G.A. Henty to shame.

While the telling is not always as great as the stories themselves, the six appearing this year are certainly readable. Pierre Berton's The Golden Trail **relates** the hardships and madness of the thousands who struggled to the **Klondike** gold rush. The plain facts the thousands of miles they came, the starvation, the pianos they carried across the Chilkoot Pass — are so startling; one wonders what ever happened to Canadians that we are so unhealthy and Phlegmatic now. The Nor' West. ers, Marjorie Wilkins Campbell's book about the fur **trade**, documents the same kind of courage, endurance and greed. Peter Pond. David Thompson, Alexander Mackenzie and Simon McTavish at least received some wealth and famefor **their** struggles along the long mute

to the trapping grounds. But the anonymous voyageurs - portrayed, unfortunately, in this book as musical beasts of burden-paddled thousands of miles **every** year for cornmeal, lard, tobacco and a few dollars. Most of them were dead by 40. Campbell gives a few pages to the Indian and Métis women who made the voyageurs' lives bearable. She also mentions Charlotte Thompson, the **Métis** woman who mar**ried** David Thompson when she was 14. She followed him on his voyage of **exploration** through the Rockies, with a baby and a small child. She sounds formidable, and would be fine material for a future Great Story of Canada.

Man from St. Malo, a biography of Cartier by Robert Ferguson, presents a grim vision of early exploration in Canada: starvation, scurvy, frostbite, hostile Indiins. Cartier's voyage up the Saint Lawrence seems more perilous and awesome than space flight.

Some 250 years later, Vancouver travelled along the rough rocky Pacific coast. He and his crew suffered too: storms, hunger; attack, disease made their voyage as diit as Cartier's. Captain of the Discovery, by Roderick Haig-Brown, makes good use of Vancouver's log to document the arduous voyage of the Discovery up the West Coast from California to Alaska.

Morris Longstreth's book about the Mounted Police, Scarlet Force, covers another great story in Canadian history. Somehow our modern RCMP &es not have the dignity of its predecessor. Arctic Assignment describes the journey of the St. Roch, the last great voyage of Canadian discovery. It was written by F. S. Farrar, who was a member of the St. Roch's crew.

It is hard to believe that people, suffered and struggled so much for beaver pelts or gold dust or map-making. The series provides a salutary look at the determination and hardiness that created a country out of this "land that God gave Cain." The Great Stories of Canada are not the sort of books that one reads breathlessly. (Will David Thompson make it through the icefloes?) But they are, nonetheless, fine adventures and I think most children who read easily will be engrossed in them.



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# Bible Bill and the apostles

The Dynasty: The **Rise** and **Fall** of **Social Credit in Alberta, by John J.** Barr, McClelland & Stewart, 248 pages, \$12.50 **cloth.** 

#### By **DAVID** LEWIS

THIS IS A RACY and hero-worshipping apologia for Social Credit in Alberta, but it is not a work of historical analysis. The author has a journalist's eye for facts and personalities and the advantage of having been on the inside as one of an intimate group of advisers to the government and the party daring the last few years of Social Credit reign. The reader, therefore, gets a fair picture of the towering **figure** of William Aberhart and of the lesser but impressive figure of Ernest Manning. He learns about some of the internal rivalries and about the work of the government and legislature. The book conveys accurately the fervent commitment of Aberhart's followers in the early years and the sated complacency which oil money produced in **the** Manning era. All these events are described in some detail but they are not connected into a rounded picture of a phenomenon that ii as bewildering as it is interesting.

The successful emergence of Social Credit in Alberta is described. but not explained, in terms of the obvious: the Depression; the farmer's bitterness against the banks and mortgage companies; and the **mesmerizing** conversion of Aberhart himself and the impact of his Prophetic Bible Institute. These indicate the presence of widespread discontent and a readiness to listen, but the author does not provide the social, economic and cultural background that would illuminate Aberhart's success in not only winning the people of the province in a short couple of years, but also in evoking fmm them a religious fanaticism for a cause they did not understand. Thii has always' intrigued me. In the late **1930s** or early 1940s I was on a **CCF** speaking tour in Alberta in the company of William Irvine. At one of the early meetings I dared criticize Aberhart and the Social Credit government. This proved to be sacrilegious, for the small audience rose angrily and walked out on me. leaving

me with mouth open. but **not** in oratorical **flight.** 

That Aberhart did not fathom the intricacies of Social Credit as propounded by Major C.H. Douglas there is no doubt. And who can blame him? Indeed, the author of this book suggests that hi hero was bored by Douglas and his pontificating details. What, in my view, remains a mystery is how far Aberhart really believed in Social Credit and to what extent he merely responded to the fact that it singled out the moneylenders for condemnation without threatening the fundamentalist framework of his thinking.

This book makes clear again that, once in power, Aberhart did nothing about Social Credit in the first 18 months despite his solemn **promise** to act within that period. Astonishingly, he appointed one Robert J. Magor, a wealthy and traditional financier, as his main adviser, he consistently rejected the advice of Douglas and quarrelled with him; when some Social Credit legislation was finally intro**duced** under pressure from a growing group of dissidents inside and outside the Legislature, Aberhart had so little faith in it that he and his government disclaimed responsibility for it, presenting it as the conception and child of the Social Credit Board. These and other facts pmmpt one to wonder just how deep were Aberhart's convictions about the **Social** Credit panaceas.

When Manning took over in 1943, the paradox became even more striking. He hardly talked about Social Credit except in perfunctory genuflexion before the shrine. His central target was socialism and the CCF-NDP, even though they were certainly not a threat to him. He knelt more devoutly before the altar of free enterprise than before the shrine of Social **Credit.** After hi: left the premiership, he quickly joined the financial establishment at its apex. Today Manning, besides being a Senator. is president of one fairly large corporation and director of 10 others. Among them, mirabile dictu, are the Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce, Manufacturers' Life Insurance, CP Air, **McIntyre** Porcupine Mines, and Steel Company of Canada. How is that for a sworn opponent of Big finance and the Eastern Moguls?

There is little doubt that Aberhart was saved by the war and Manning by the gosh of oil at Leduc. The oil money enabled what had become a traditional conservative government to remove the provincial sales tax and to

achieve impressive improvements in education, roads, and social services. But when Harry Strom, the third and last Social Credit premier, proved incapable of modernizing the party and making an impact on the electorate, the official conservatives under Peter Lougheed took over.

Barr details **many** of the important **events** and describes **interestingly** the careers of the leaders. But the reader will not find in his book any thoughtful explanation of **the Social** Credit phenomenon **in** Alberta or any profound analysis of the **causes** of its rise and fall. For these insights he will have to look elsewhere.

# Telling sad stories of the war and King

'Canada's War: The **Politics** of the Mackenzie King Government, **1939-45**, by J.L. **Granatstein**, Oxford University Press, **illustrated**, 436 pages, \$18.95 cloth. '

#### By C. P. STACEY

Granatstein's book describes it more accurately than the main title. It is an excellent and sometimes fascinating political history of Canada during the Second World War, centring on Mackenzie King. A history of Canada's War it is not-unless you subscribe to the view that the fighting ail took place in Ottawa. The mud and the blood are not here, but there is a fair amount of dirty work.

Pmf. Granatstein demonstrates once more his well-known genius for hacking historical documents to their lairs. His basii source is the Mackenzie King papers, including the famous diary; but he has also used documents left by a myriad of other actors in the drama, great and small, and the records of government departments in Ottawa, Londop and (to some extent) Washington. With enormous industry. energy, and skill he tarns to use the great mass of new and important material lately opened to historians of the war.

Canada's War is not concerned entirely with politics in the narrow sense, and indeed it &es not tell us as much that is new in this area as in others. The

16 Books In Canada. March, 1975

field of conscription, necessarily a major interest of the book, had been pretty industriously ploughed already. not least by Gmnatstein himself; but his chapters on war finance and social policy break more new ground. One department is weak: the chapter called "A Nation on the World Stage." contains good stuff, but it is so incomplete that it might have been better to leave it out altogether. One can only look with surprise at an account of Canada's relations with the international war-making machinery that does not even mention the Combined Chiefs of Staff (the Anglo-American committee that mu the Western Allies' war) and which entirely omits the First Quebec Conference, including Churchill's proposal that Canada should be allowed at least a limited share in the discussions, a truly horrible **suggestion** which was instantly vetoed by Roosevelt.

The **central figure** appears to advantage. **There** have been a good many King-haters, in hi time and since. Prof. Gmnatstein, it seems fait to say. is by contrast almost a King-lover. He &es not conceal the Prime Minister's unpleasant characteristics, but he views **them** with an indulgent eye. He comes close to taking King at his own valuation, which was high. He says that King's "greatest achievement" was his **social program** - 'notably, in this period, family allowances — and he accepts the great man's identification of it with **Industry** and Humanity. the almost unreadable book that King published in 1918. The general idea underlying family allowances -but hardly the thing itself — can be found in this book. Twenty-six years later, under the impulsion of political and economic expediency and needling from the Left. King made family allowances the law of the land. Gnnatstein clearly feels that this performance rates three cheers. Others may fed that one mild cheer would be ample.

One thing you will not find **in** this book, and that is the extraordinary idiosyncrasies that have received so much attention fmm the media since the later King diaries were opened recently. Joan Patteson, King's closest friend and confidant for the last 30 years of bis life. appears on page one and is never seen again. The author is hardly to blame for this. King was **very** successful in maintaining the separateness of his two worlds — the world of public affairs. and the private world of the women and the spirits — and when he was in office the latter was definitely secondary. Nevertheless it sometimes

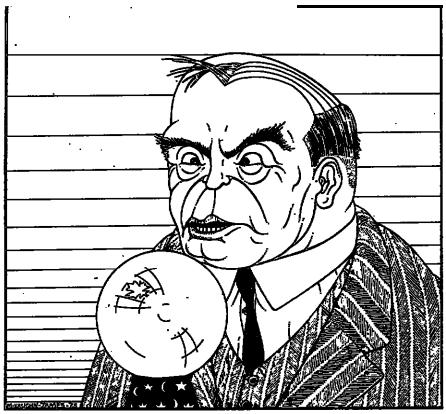
impinged on the public **world**, and I myself believe that this happened at the time of King's dismissal of Colonel J.L. Ralston from the Cabinet in **the** conscription crisis of 1944. I **interpret** King's **diary as meaning that** on Oct. **30** a telegram fmm George **Fulford**, a **Lib**-

Under the imp&on of political and economic expediency . . . . King mode family allowances the law of the land. Gmnatstein clearly feels that this performance rates three. cheers. Others may feel that one mild cheer would be ample.

eral MP who favoured conscription, triggered in King's mind the idea that them was a conspiracy against him in **his** Cabinet. The spirits were not involved, but King's reaction was purely irrational **and** intuitive. Them was no conspiracy; but King made his belief that there was one the basis of a great act of policy. My interpretation is that King **resolved from** that moment to dismiss Ralston, striking the conspirators **before** they **could** strike him. Next day, he obtained General McNaughton's assurance that he was ready to take Ralston's place. He made his preparations in complete secrecy;

then, at the Cabinet meeting on Nov. 1. he spring his mine and dismissed Ralston — and because everyone was ut**terly** taken by surprise, Ralston's **conscriptionist** friends did not leave with him. Gmnatstein is unwilling to accept this version. He admits at the end of the book that both the conspiracy and the "generals **revolt"** of which so 'much has been heard were "probably" fantasies of King's mind; but he seems to ask us to believe that the decision to fire Ralston was taken on the spur of the moment actually **during** the meeting on Nov. 1. It is true that **King** never **actu**ally says that he took the decision on Oct. 30 or 31. In my opinion he did not dare commit this deadly secret to the secretary to whom he dictated the

At the last the author can spare only six pages to interpret his whole story. He makes large statements without developing them. Canada. he surprisingly says, in 1939 had "much the same status as in 1914." Thus he demolishes at one **stroke** Sir Robert Borden, the vast consequences of the First World War, the Statute of Westminster, and about 20 years' hard labour by Mackenzie **King. What** he seems fo be saying is that these things were bogus because in spite of them Canada in 1939 still went to war (in Granatstein's book) entirely because of the British connection. (He clearly doesn't like the British connection; but let that pass.) Only as a



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result of the Second World War, he says, did we achieve "genuine nationhood." He finds the evidence for this achievement in a new national "confidence." and attributes this in great part to family allowances (no fooling) and the other social-welfare measures associated with King. I only hope Granatstein doesn't live to see the outbreak of the Third World War. which alone will test the soundness of his ideas. It will not be our British connection that will get us into that, if it happens; our American connection will drag us into it, and the British along with us. At that point we shall find out how much the "confidence" the baby bonus gave us is really worth. □

Coming next month:

- A special issue by and about women writers
- Morris Wolfe on the women's presses
  - Linda Rogers on Audrey Thomas

# The national monument that birdseed built

Dictionary of Canadian Biography, Volume III, 1741-1770, Francess G. Halpenny, general editor, U of T Press, 782 pages, \$20 cloth.

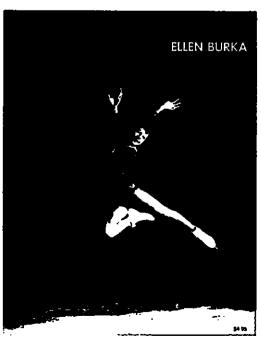
By ROGER HALL

since confederation it has been the chief concern of all Canadians—editors, politicians, scholars, and just plain people—to examine, explain, justify, or expose exactly what we are. More often than not the answers defiantly have pronounced what we are not, and left it at that. As successive volumes of the Dictionary of Canadian Biography appear it becomes evident that Canada's national pastime is being threatened. With four volumes now complete, and a recent massive transfusion of federal money to assure eight

mom within the decade (carrying the story up to 1900), an answer to our perennial identity crisis must be at hand. Even if we don't discover the true alias of Johnny Canuck, the DCB does provide a scholarly national monument, suitably dressed up in both official languages, and it serves a lot of other purposes as well.

" Canadian scholars had almost forsaken the idea of an authoritative source for Canadian biographical information when, in the early 1950s. financial inspiration appeared in the form of a bequest from James Nicholson, a Toronto entrepreneur who had made his fortune in, of all things, the birdseed business. Nicholson had long delighted in reading the collective wisdom in Britain's imposing **Dictionary** of National Biography. In his will he left the University of Toronto a generous sum for founding a Canadian equivalent, wisely leaving the production details to the university authorities. He did specify that the work should be original and based on primary sources and "supply full, accurate and concise biographies of all noteworthy inhabitants of the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of living persons), from the earliest

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The difficulty [with the DCB] is that while the characters involved may all have died within the same general span, they didn't necessarily flourish daring a similar period.

historical period to the time of publication." By 1959, the dictionary, by then linked with the University of Toronto Press, was underway. Two years later Laval University assumed responsibility for the publication of a French edition and a fruitful collaboration resulted.

The first volume appeared in 1966, and with a few-inevitable exceptions, the biographies set a high standard. Unlike the **DNB** or the prestigious Dictionary of American Biography. the DCB does not maintain a strict alphabetical order throughout the series. Rather each volume is arranged chronologically according to the death dates of the individuals involved; within the volume a conventional alphabetical arrangement prevails. This works out well enough for Volume I, in which **600-odd** articles cover the years from 1000 to 1700. Volume II (issued in 1969). however, covered a much shorter time period, from 1701-1740, and Volume X, the next to appear (in 1972) because of a special Centennial grant. focused on the single decade 1871-1880. The idea was that one could study a whole period in terms of one volume. The difficulty is that while characters involved may all have died within the same general span. they didn't necessarily flourish during a similar period. The scheme's utility is further drawn into question when one considers the vast numbers of indexes that **will** have to be published. to make the volumes easily accessible. Perhaps a useful solution would be for the indexes to serve also as epitome volumes and cover either the whole series or substantial portions of it. **Epitomes or** some sort of concise editions would be a boon as well in that the price of the **new volumes** (although no longer high in relative terms) is still \$20 each, which puts the series well **beyond** reach of most students and all but the most enthusiastic general readers.

Of course them **are** distinct advantages to the **chronological** sequence system too. perhaps the most obvious being the ease in **marshalling** scholarly resources for its manufacture, and also

that additional volumes covering new periods can be added as time **goes** on without disturbing the integrity of **the** whole design. The difficulty with the **DNB** and **DAB** in this regard was that both had to issue supplementary volumes immediately their alphabetical series **were completed.** 

Volume III of the **DCB** has just been issued and records the lives of some 550 individuals ivhodied between 1741 and 1770, a tumultuous time that was dominated by repeated warfare between French and English, reaching a climax in the conclusive Seven Yeats War. Following a successful patternestablished in Volumes I and II (and unfortunately removed from Volume X), introductory essays by superior scholars discuss prime points of interest to the period. W. J. Eccles here assesses the French forces and C.P. Stacey measures English efforts. Their work is complemented and extended in their re**spective** biographies of the two principals of the campaign, Montcalm, sketched in a satisfying; critical "warts and all" fashion by Eccles, and Wolfe, placed firmly in an unemotional perspective by Stacey. Incidentally, the bibliographies accompanying these sketches are fine and detailed and portray effectively incidents of historiographical debate. Volume III also reflects a sharper concern for the' findings and interests of recent historical scholarship than was evident in Volumes I and II. A clearer portrait of the role of **merchants** in New France is seen and a closer understanding of the intricacies of the governmental administration of the colony demonstrated. A scholarly interest has also been maintained in terms of the inclusion of another glossary of Indian names and an increased sensitivity to the role of the natives both as pawns and partners in the French-English clash. Louis Chevrette's capable sketch, of Pontiac's resistance to European. pressures is a particularly good account. Satisfactory attention is also paid to officials engaged in fur-trade rivalries and a sharper understanding of the exploration of the West is achieved through penetrating pictures of such men as the LaVérendryes.

A few (restrained) quibbles could be made. The **DCB** is still elitist history. For example, in Volume III why couldn't we have a **portrait** of the **ordinary habitant's** lifestyle, in the **form** of **an** introductory essay? This theme is **touched** upon in **André** Vachon's handsome sketch of administration in New France in Volume **II** but nevergiven the

hinking about Change issays edited by David P. hugarman for the University eague for Social Reform

his book deals with the question of the ever-increasing instituional, attitudinal, and environnental change in western society.
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attention social history requires (especially with the advantages provided by modem methodology). Translations from French to English appear uniformly good but complaints about the other direction are occasionally heard. Finally some of the smaller biographies appear not to have received the same rigorous professional review as the bigger ones. Donald Horton's medium-length sketch of Jean-Eustache Lanouiller de. Boisclerc correctly and ably depicts his important contribution as grand voyer (chief roads commissioner). Yet Horton permits the fact that Lanouiller served 10 years in the important post of Controller of the Marine to go by without any development. Fortunately such inferior efforts are exceptions and, indeed. other biographies by Horton are of a superior

The **DCB** is the most ambitious **pro**iect ever undertaken by the historical profession in Canada. Its excellence shows the attainments of the discipline; at the same time it provides a useful platform for beginning and mature scholars alike to **exhibit** their abilities and achievements. In terms of the Canadian identity, may we never see the last word.  $\Box$ 

# or ever and ever? Ah, men

The Power and the Tories, by Jonathan Manthorpe, Macmillan, 305 pages, \$12.95 cloth.

#### By PETER REGENSTREIF

THE CONSERVATIVES have been in power in Ontario for almost 32 years; but as far as I know. this volume is the first attempt to analyze the why and the how. It's not too bad a try.

Them is fat too much emphasis-on personalities for my taste and Man**thorpe** devotes about two thirds of the book to the tenure of William Davis, which covets only the last three or so years of the three decades of Tory dominance.

**But it's** entertaining stuff, nevertheless. Them are broadly drawn depictions of the regimes of George Drew, Leslie Frost, and John Robarts. The personalities associated with the Davis administration are reasonably wellcovered. **There** is an amusing — pmbably unintentionally so - description of the press gallery at Queen's Park that is an amalgam of The Front Page and the peculiar biases of a **Toronto** Globe and Mail standard-bearer. And the events of the last few years - the Fidinam and Hydro affairs, the conflict-of-interest difficulties experi**enced** by some Cabinet ministers, the separate-school issues, and the decision to halt construction of the Spadina Expressway -are given extensive attention.

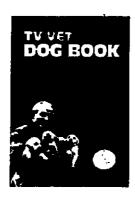
Interesting though all this is, them is a major shortcoming: while it is probably too much to ask that a book written for popular consumption have a thesis. this one hardly has any focus at all. It is more of a chronology with the author concentrating on some recent events that he has had some experience cover-

There are all sorts of allusions as to why the Conservatives got in and stayed them: the **30-odd rural** and small town ridings in a band across the province **from** the Ottawa River to Lake Huron that **are** traditionally Tory; the party's\_strong organization, now nicknamed the "Big Blue Machine"; the effective use of polling, public relations and 'advertising. But only on oc-

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**DIAMOND** FARM BOOK PUBLISHERS

Dept. CA, RR #3, Brighton, Ontario KOK 1H0 (613) **475-1771**  casion does Manthorpe get down to the fundamentals; the Conservatives have held office because they alone among the parties have been able to satisfy the requirements. Their leader is always someone preferred by voters over any of his counterparts — and this is clearly. according to polling over the last 15 years. the major factor in an election; they never have a public tight, so they appear united; and the province has undergone remarkable and uninterrupted growth during the entire period the Conservatives have been in.

These elements are interrelated, of course. Manthorpe makes one of his most telling points by correctly noting on several occasions that "any Liberal • with ability and ambition naturally gravitates toward federal politics where the Liberal party has the corner on power." In politics as in war, to understand an outcome one might better examine the weakness of the defence rather than the strength of the attack. After Mitchell Hepburn, Liberals in Ontario have scarcely **bothered** with provincial politics because they found Ottawa far more appealing. And with the CCF-NDP never really much more than a minority taste tier 1944, the Conservatives have had everything pretty much their own way.

Finally. economic good fortune means that underlying conditions of public dissatisfaction are absent. Once a party gains office, it naturally attracts business and professional elites who can only reinforce its success through the money nod skills these groups have to offer. In short, the recipe for the Conservatives in Ontario is pretty much like that for the Liberals in Ottawa — a combination of good luck, some talent, and money.

What would have made this a great book would have been a systematic dissection of the relationship between the Conservatives and the business and commercial groups that dominate the province. Instead, the reader is treated to some gossip and tales of conflict of interest and maybe even minor scandal. Any knowledgeable political observer could match Manthorpe dollar for dollar with similar goings-on in (say) Quebec, Manitoba, and British Columbia, to mention a selection of Canada's other provinces. We'll leave the United States out.

So despite having **produced** a piece of interesting diversion, it **seems** to me that **Manthorpe** has got it a bit backward. He claims early on that the scandals of the Davis administration **reflect** "a party rotten with elitism, crumbling

**from** within beneath **the sheer weight** of its preoccupation with maintaining power."

Quite the **contrary**. If anything, under Davis, the Conservatives **demonstrate** a party **rank** with nepotism (elitism **after all** suggests competence) and apparently so unconcerned with staying in office that they steadfastly oppose the public will on such issues **as** the **Spadina Expressway** and fail to provide leadership in such vital **areas** as housing and managing the economy. Previous Tory administrations were not so **cavalier**.

There are the necessary. but not **sufficient**, conditions for a change in government. Whether the Davis administration is driven from office **depends** at least as much on the ability of **his opponents** to portray themselves as credible alternatives to the voters. The polls show the Liberals now in the lead in Ontario. But, there is still lots of time until an election must be held.

# Chicken Chow Mean

In the Sea of Sterile Mountains: The Chinese in British Columbia, by James Morton, J.J. Douglas, 280 pages, \$1250 cloth.

#### By DOUG BEARDSLEY

THE EARLY POLITICAL life of British Columbia revolved around two issues: the Chinese and the railway. James Morton's book is a chronological history, from 1858 to the present, of the Chinese in B.C. The first half establishes the Chinese settlement in Victoria and the development of the railway and the vital role the Chinese labourer played in its successful completion. Then, after the discovery of gold on the mainland, the scene shifts to Vancouver-along with the prejudice and bigotry that followed these unfortunate. people throughout the province.

The title comes fmm Edward Blake's infamous remark, that British Colombia was "an inhospitable country, a sea of sterile mountains," and few Chinese would disagree with the first part of that quotation. The author traces the early history of British-Chinese relations through the Opium Wars of 1839-1869, thereby shedding light on the initial reasons for the

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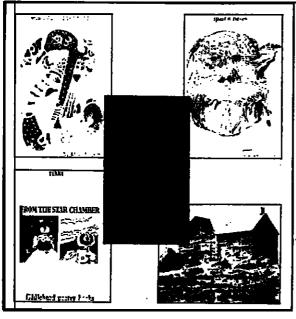
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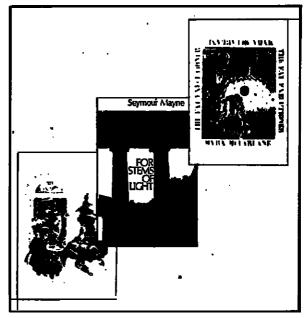






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and-Oriental feeling that greeted the Chinese when they landed on Vancouver Island. Also, he **skilfully** documents the reasons for the Chinese emigration. emphasizing the Californian attitude, (there were several major **riots** in America), which was reported in local papers in Victoria.

Still, there is little to account for the sick propaganda and vicious verbal attacks that were a weekly feature of the Victoria newspaper, The Colonist, and Morton is not afraid to pinpoint those most responsible for fanning the flames of prejudice. He also quite rightly attacks Sir Wilfrid Laurier (who considered trade more important than racial bigotry) for his one-sided policies in favour of the Japanese. It was fortunate for all that British tolerance prevailed on Vancouver Island, and the real possibilities of violence were never taken seriously. The same could **not** be said when, with the completion of the railway, the Chinese shifted their attention to the mainland.

All in all. this book charts the sorry, disgraceful record of the anti-Chinese Whites (it was not till 1967 that Chinese immigration was placed on an equal basis with that of other nationalities). Morton has documented it well by means of the newspapers of the time. but the companion volume remains to be written: the Chinese in the West have yet to tell their story.

**This** handsome book is beautifully **produced**, with a helpful chronology and index, **but** the 16 pages of black-and-white photographs **are** far too few in a book of this subject and size. □

# Searching for reel values

Marshall Delaney at the Movies: The Contemporary World as seen on Film, by Robert Fulford, Peter Martin Associates, in association with Take One magazine, 244 pages, \$10 cloth.

#### By PETER **HARCOURT**

MOVIES. WHAT CAN we do with them? They are too much a part of our every-&y existence to ignore them, yet they pass through our lives in too random a fashion to be discussed with the same thoroughness that we apply to the mom established arts. A little more demanding than baseball or hockey yet not so serious as poetry or music, movies exist in an intellectual limbo: we tend simply to comment on them, as they come and go. That is to say, we review them; and if we are established journalists with some kind of following, we gather our reviews into a book, possibly with revisions. This is the 'pattern followed by Pauline Kael, Stanley Kauffman, John Simon, and now Robert Fulford — a collection of reviews culled from disparate efforts over the years.

It is important to notice the occa**sional nature** of these collections, because they are always an uneven mixture of autobiography, social history, and film criticism. Like the great Robert Warshow, Fulford is particulady adept at recreating the sense of occasion involved in going to a movie. By discussing The Great Race in terms of the **responses** of his children or **The** Collector in terms of his own adolescent fantasies of women, Fulford is able to create for us the context from which these films were seen. Similarly, pieces like "A Day at the Flicks'.' and "A Night at the Drive-in" convey as much a sense of what it is like to see films in Toronto as they do of the actual films that he happened to see.

Thii collection is in three sections: Canada, Hollywood, and films from abroad. It is within the Canadian section that Fulford's role as social historian seems most important, as he documents for us the sense of excitement or disappointment that each new Canadian film inspired. Yet what were the 'expectations that he brought to these films? What are the standards by which he judges them?

If we ask this sort of question, we run up against the limitations of a collection of this **kind**; for them is no evolving argument, no theoretical position. no critical consistency of any kind. How else can one explain Fulford's ability to describe the **mundane** and **reactionary** Helicopter Canada as "a triumph of mature documentary art" (which his son loved, by the way), to prefer Kramer's Bless the Beasts and Children to Shebib's Rip-Of, and yet at the **same** time to be sensitive to the cultural importance of a semi-porno film like Valerie and to see the potential importance for documentary of Allan King's A Married Couple (though he feels obliged to apologize for his enthusiasm now). What I am suggesting is that **Fulford's** critical evaluations are as random as the selection of movies **that** any professional reviewer gets to see. Urbane, courteous, and generous in tone, these reviews nevertheless end by



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125 Bermondsey Rd., Toronto, Ont. M4A 1Y3 endorsing the sort of right-wing conformism that is inevitable nowadays for anyone who puts his faith in the shifting subjective values of "common sense" and "good taste." Dealing with The Great Race, less in terms of the film on the screen than of the people watching if. Fulford concludes:

But as a parent, with a deliciously amused child on one side and a deliciously frightened child on the other, you can hardly remain cool to the central point: this is what movies are all about.

From the point of view of consumption, of course this is true; but could then not be a **more** critical point of. view? What about the values of escapist optimism being drummed into his children by the miles of such movies that every child sees. values that in turn will help to form their own disguised responses of "common sense" and 'good taste''?

At a rime when newspaper reviewers are becoming increasingly complacent and **philistine**, it **must** seem ungenerous on my pan to complain about the very values of urbanity and courtesy that make Fulford's writing such a pleasure to read. Yet if one feels, as I do, that films are really important-not just in

terms of the pleasure that they might give our children but also in terms of the hidden value systems that they so slyly perpetuate — then one wants a more rigorous examination of these matters than can be expected within the consumer-guide format of the film review. One wants books on the cinema that think through these problems. and not just a collection of random film reviews.

Characteristically, for someone of Fulford's literary. humanistic background. his reviews of foreign films allow him to utilize his analytical intelligence at full strength. Foreign-films, we all know, are more like real art; and so we find fine discussions of Truffaut and Godard, for the screenings of which, of course, he left his children at home.



# Fluid gig for AcNamara 's ·

## band

Diving for the Body, By Eugene McNamara, Borealis Press, 79 pages, \$3.25 paper.

And the Dying Sky like Blood, by Peter Stevens, Borealis Press, 112 pages, \$4.95 paper.

Milk Stone, by Pat Lowther, Borealis Press, 94 pages, \$3.95

The Earth-Book, by Tom Marshall, Oberon Press, unpaginated, \$5.95 cloth and \$2.95 paper.

### By LEN GASPARINI

**BEFORE PLUNGING into a critique of** these recent collections of poetry, I would like to preface it by referring briefly to Borealis Press, a relatively new publishing outfit located in Ottawa. Along with Oberon Press, also in Ottawa, Borealis can already boast a

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sizable **catalogue** of books that have an attractive and durable format.

Eugene McNamara has been contributing poems and stories regularly to all the "little mags" for the past decade. He is one of the original and most outspoken of the Windsor group of poets that appeared in the mid-1960s. Too often ignored, his work has progressed in various directions, and **Diving** for the Body marks his seventh volume of poems.

The title **poem** is an autobiographical journal of the psyche. It begins with a series of flashbacks depicting seemingly unrelated incidents; these incidents are later fused into the all encompassing imagery of water and other marine symbols. The poem is about decay and resurrection, and the sea becomes the very amniotic fluid of life itself: "... i will/rise in a tall shower of waking/water now surface broken . . . . '

On the whole, this collection is not as impressive as McNamara's previous one. Passages. It is somewhat uneven and lacks the totality of strength that enforced visions upon the reader of his earlier work. Many of the poems are merely anecdotal and serve no purpose other than amusement. But for all that, McNamara can still evoke a poignant

nostalgia. His camp **humour** and almost rhythmless lines add a certain distinctness to the subjects he writes about. In "Last Seen" he gives us the sinister atmospheric effects surrounding a rape. "Neighbors" is a perfect piece of irony in mental suburbia, where a law-abiding citizen is suddenly reduced to a gadget and goes berserk. "Among the Missing" and "Imagine" are symptomatic of a social breakdown; the latter is especially effective.

McNamara's Diving for the Body is a worthwhile collection, even for its occasional brittleness.

Peter Stevens, a latecomer to the Windsor scene, describes his fifth book of poems, And the 'Dying Sky like Blood, as "a Bethune collage for several voices." The title itself is taken from a line in a poem by Mao Tse-tung. Aside from many first-rate poems, the book contains interesting factual material about Norman Bethune's life quoted fmm newspapers and social histories. Bethune's own writings on' medical matters are also incorporated into the book, as well as the lines from numerous old American songs.

All of the poems are interrelated, producing a kind of improvisational effect that goes beyond social criticism to an ontological awareness. The poems abound in propositions about questions that continue to concern our age: selfknowledge and self-definition, the power of ideology, the perplexity of spirit, and the obduracy of flesh. "The Unemployed March" begins with billboard emphasis, "JOBS NOT **BREADLINES."** and ends on a note of anarchy:

slogans sprawl across the pavement but the voices stick to his hands hecome knives to heal the city

Other poems are equally compelling in descrying the "slug trails" of Spengler's prophesied decadence of Western civilization and intellectual desiccation. Like Robert Bly, Stevens regards with acumen the poet's role among mankind whose "eyes trapped inside the locks/unable to' avoid/the. keys I turn in their sockets. ..."

This is undoubtedly Stevens' most powerful work to date and should be on assigned reading courses.

Milk Stone is Pat Lowther's poetic attempt to come to terms with the metaphysical **side of** her **nature**. I have always found her poetry steeped in mannered obscurity, scintillating with

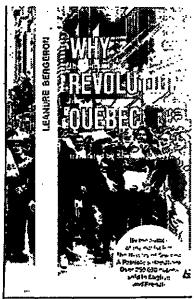
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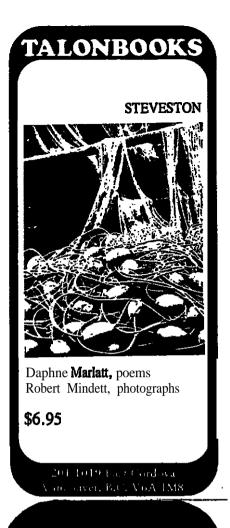
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artifice, swollen with symbolism, and equivocal to the point of abstruseness. In thii way it is **like** a revolving prism that disperses vivid images and **reflects** lyrical brilliance. On the other hand, her poems are best taken individually than as a whole. The result of a collection such as this is too cloying to the intellect; however, there arc some poems that almost defy any logical interpretation because of the heavy juxtaposition of metaphors. Certain poems -"Woman **On/Against** Snow." "Arctic Carving," "Woman," "For **Selected** Friends," and "Growing the Seasons" — are beautiful and evoca**tive** of subtle shifts in feeling. "Mr. Happyman is Coming" is one of Lowther's best poems. It's not by **chance** that she saved it for the end.

Tom Marshall's *The Earth-Book* is disappointingly inferior to his **previous** collections. **There** are moments of **real poetry** in **"The** Lamb," "Hygcia," and "**The** Web Outside My Window," but the inclusion of "MK and the Implosion of the **FLQ**," a short, uninspired play for voices, **weakens the** book's **structure** considerably.

All in all, these four books **offer** an interesting cross section of poets who have **been** publishing **since** the **1960s**. With so many **new** poets sprouting **like** mushrooms. it's good to know what some of the older ones arc doing.

# Opaque new world

The Exploration of North America 1630-1776, by W. P. Cumming, S. E. Hillier, D.B. Quinn, and Glyndwr Williams, McClelland & Stewart, 272 pages, \$30 cloth.

By **NEVILLE** THOMPSON

OF THE MAKING of coffee-table books there seems to be no end. The principle is certainly laudable.; combining pictures from museums, private collections and rare books with selections. from contemporary accounts and the commentary of experts in a slippered mood. At their best, such books are useful to the specialist and appealing to

the general reader. It is fashionable to sneer at them as symbols of good taste for the affluent who can pay the price without appreciating their value. But much the same motive produced the great collections of the past. In our suburban age, everyone can be his own Bernard Berenson or Catherine the Gnat. All but the most austere defenders of intellectual values must see in this an encouraging. if slight, advance on the unrelenting vistas of gold-weave sofas, sun-burst clocks and brasstipped, slant-legged television sets.

The most common word to describe these books is "sumptuous." If the thing is worth doing, it must be done lavishly to the point of excess: expensive paper, good type and lots of large colour reproductions. Unfortunately The Exploration Of North America fails on all but one count. The paper is good: so thick and heavy, indeed, that it is hard to believe that there are fewer than 300 pages in this large volume.

Such **colour** illustrations as **there** arc arc good. There are beautiful pictures of birds, and flowers that convey something of the exotic fascination the New World must have held for Europeans in the 17th and 18th centuries. But they arc all too few. For the most part the pages of this book arc cluttered with small black-and-white pictures that weary both the eye and the mind. The scale is often so small that a magnifying glass would be needed to appreciate **them** fully. This is particularly true of the maps. It is a good idea to reproduce a gnat number of them to show the explorations, patterns of settlement and the growth of knowledge about the emerging **interior** of **the** continent, but **their** value is much reduced when the print cannot be **read. Despite** its price., the book gives the impression of having been put together with too much of an eye to cost. No doubt this is always a consideration, but it should not be so obvious in a production that *makes* its chief appeal to the senses.

The prose awkwardly fitted around the illustrations, is also unsatisfactory. The contemporary sources are conventional and the commentary, although written by noted historians, is a flat-footed, textbook summary. No one's pulse will lx quickened by the drama and excitement of the explorers' ventures inland from the coasts in this account. Perhaps its chief value is as a reference work, pointing the reader to fuller and mom interesting narratives. The sources of the material arc meticulously noted and them is a full bibliography.

# IN BRIEF

A **SECOND** edition of Eric Arthur's fine architectural history, *Toronto No Mean* Ciq (**U** of T **Press, \$25**), is, of course. most **welcome**. It would be doubly so if the **text** as **well** as the captions had been updated. The book, **after** all, is more than a decade old and that decade has been marked by extensive **analyses** of the **city's** history **and architectural** development (much of it sparked by **Arthur himself**). **Nevertheless**, for those who **missed** it the **first** time round, thii **re-issue** provides an **opportunity** to gain one of Canada% classics of urban history.

ROGER HALL

**EXPERT BIOLOGISTS** may find anatomical flaws in The Mammals of Canada. by A.W.F. Banfield (U of T Press, \$19.95) and Darryl Stewart's Canadian Endangered Species (Gage, \$12.95). But for this urban layman, whose contact with wildlife is confined to cleaning up garbage after Procyon lotor lotor (Eastern Canadian raccoon) and who thought the main endangered species in this country was the honest politician, both books seem to be perfectly mounted and richly illustrated specimens of their genus. The Banfield volume, which has been in preparation by the National Museums of Canada since the 1920s. presents definitive descriptions of our 196 species of native mammals. Stewart explains how 14 of those mammals (along with dozens of other species) may shortly exist only in books.

IN 1949, LOUIS Dudek began to correspond with Ezra Pound, then confined to a hospital for the insane in Washington. The correspondence between the two poets continued until 1967. Both the content of the letters in **DK**! Some Letters of Ezra Pound (DC Books) and Louis **Dudek's** notes on them make for fascinating reading. Pound's letters are full of advice about things Dudek should do - people he should meet (McLuhan, for example) and books he should read (Mein **Kampf**). "Dudek," he writes at one point. "in any given year the mind is alive in certain ideas/anyone not fighting for the clear definition% those ideas IN that year . . . will be a bloody bore/writers job/to keep terminology CLEAR and definite/AND to spot WHICH ideas matter at a given DATE." A fine and moving book.





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QUEEN CITY SYNDICATE

Dept. 22 Box 369, Station Z, Toronto, Ontario, M5N 2Z5 WHEN THE FIRST edition of George F.G. Stanley's Canada's Soldiers: The Military History of on Unmilitary People (Macmillan, \$16) was published in 1954. it was the only one-volume **ac**count of Canada's military past; 20 years later. it is still alone in its field. This is a commentary of sorts on Stanley's apt choice of a subtitle, for Canadians clearly are an **unmilitary** people with little concern for their own stirring tales of derring do. Unfortunately, perhaps, there is little to stir the blood in this book. Stanley is more interested in organizational changes over the decades than he is in individual heroics. But his account does trace handily the flow of events, the influence of external forces on Cana-



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dins since the 17th century, and the way our people have had to react to them. There is **solid** scholarship here, but none of the academic paraphernalia that casual readers seem to dislike, and the overall result is satisfying and entertaining. This is also true of the last chapter, an account of the development of the **Canadian** forces since 1960. Here Stanley is a good liberal, approving of peace-keeping.8 mildly critical of the United States and its influence on Canada, and moderately in favour of the unification of the armed forces. Liberal, mild and moderate — those words could also be used to characterize Canadians in general, but the virtue of this book is that it reminds us all that even the mild and moderate have military traditions of duty and valour.

J. L. GRANATSTEIN

THE NINTH VOLUME in a series of "pictorial records" from the apparently inexhaustible supply of Charles de Volpi is Nova Scotia: A 'Pictorial Record (**Longmans**, 160 plates, \$28.95). It covers the **province** of Nova Scotia from Champlain's plans for Port **Royal** (1605) to Yarmouth in 1878 engraved by-Eugene **Haberer**. The format of the volume follows that of previous de Volpi "records": large quarto-size reproductions of prints and engravings in black and white, and only enough text to **identify** the scene being illustrated. **The** quality of the reproductions is, with few exceptions. poor, particularly for engravings with finely wrought detail and prints originally in delicate pastel shades of colour. It is difficult to imagine, for instance, how John Boydell's beautiful 18th-century engravings could be reproduced so badly. As an historical record. and as a source for identifying Nova Scotia prints, this book is valuable but the orig**inal** artists and engravers have been badly served by' their modern publisher.

RICHARD LANDON

# SOFT & RECYCLED

By PAUL STUEWE

THE. ADVENT OF THE inexpensive paperback reprint was greeted with all the hosannas appropriate to a vehicle that promised to dispense Kultur to the masses. Although "The Paperback Revolution" has proven to he more of a merchandising phenomenon than a literary one, wider distribution through newsstands, drugstores and supermarkets has enabled many publishers to reach a wider audience.

General Publishing's **PaperJacks** series is the most active reprint **program** in **terms of both number of titles** (JO-75 this year) and aggressiveness in selling foreign rights. This is also a brightly packaged and competitively priced line, and the over-all quality of its **initial releases** is equally impressive.

The pick of the litter is **Mavis** Gallant's My Heart *is Broken* (\$1.76). a collection of eight **short** stories and a **short** novel. Two or **three** of the **short** stories, all of which were originally published in *The New Yorker*, **do-fall** into the mode of scrupulously detailed, apparently casual but in fact highly **structured** studies of **genteely** aimless individuals that constitutes the staple diet of the magazine's fiction readers; **but** the **remainder open** out **into symbolically** charged dissections of some of the constants of social relativity.

Mayis Gallant is one of that rare breed of naturalistic writers capable of infusing both animate and inanimate objects with mystery as well as character. a talent brought to its fullest completion in "Its Image on the Mirror." This novella of sisterly rivalry unravels within a context of impacted familial and social relations in Quebec between 1920 and **1960**; and as Ms. Gallant's protagonists undergo their own "Quiet Revolutions" of sensibility and awareness, one comes to understand that she is a creator of myth as well as a perceptive social observer. an explorer of both national and individual character who should be considered a quintessentially Canadian titer.

John Mills' The Lund of Is and The October Men (both \$1.75) are also noteworthy, although Mills seems' rather unsure of his attitude towards established fictional conventions. Much of The Land of Is, particularly,

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New Canada, Box 6088, Station A, Toronto, Ontario 368-1165 reads as if he had just discovered Wittgenstein and the modem novel of epistemological relativism. While he has no difficulty in concocting au exotic brew of **skewered** identities and crossed purposes. **this** sort of thing has been done so often that I found it more of a *Tour de France* than a tour **de force.** 

**But** perhaps Mills just had to get this book **out** of his system, because **The October Men** is markedly superior. The writing is in the hard-boiled detective fiction vein, and particularly evokes Raymond Chandler in its wisecracking economy of description: "... a tall landlady with hair curlers. thick lenses and yellow teeth, who dislikes cats and keeps a crippled husband in the basement." And: "He looked at me with admiration — since I had registered a definite emotion I was his hero." Mills' plotting still impresses as more frenetic than controlled, but *The* **October Men certainly** establishes him as a writer of solid accomplishment as well as of great promise.

Donald Jack is also represented by two tides in PaperJacks, Three Cheers For Me and That's Me in the Middle (both \$1.75), the first two volumes of "The Bandy Papers." Jack is an impishly humorous and extremely facile writer working in a genre — the humorous treatment of military life in wartime — with rich possibilities for satire, but I find his books disturbingly lightweight. Everything is played for laughs in "The Bandy Papers": death not only happens off-stage, it has no discernible effect upon Jack's protagonists, and the consequent air of general insensitivity results in a set of Colonel Blimps rather than Good Soldier Schweiks. The chuckles come fast and furiously, but the deeper humour of the human condition is barely skimmed.

Much the same can be said of two recent M & S paperbacks by Max Braithwaite, Why Shoot the Teacher and The Night We Stole the Mountie's Car (both \$2.95). Braithwaite is a good deal more sympathetic to his people than is Jack, and his reminiscences of surviving the 1930s in Saskatchewan occasionally permit tight-lipped farmers and dour school trustees moments of real **dignity**. But again, the decision to be relentlessly humorous about every experience, regardless of its tragic, melodramatic or simply banal elements, becomes tremendously wearying over rime. Braithwaite's books thus Seem like a rewriting of Sinclair Ross by **Richard Needham**, and while they are both well-written and diverting, a

conscious consideration of them leads to the conclusion that there is still a lot of opportunity for Canadian authors who can write humanely as well as humorously.

Several other titles deserve at least brief mention. In the Northern Affairs department, R.D. Symons North By West (PaperJacks, 181 pages, \$1.75) is a vivid retelling of two Indian legends suitable for children as well as adults: and Ray Price's **Yellowknife** and **The** Howling Arctic (Peter Martin, both \$3.95) contain a good deal of useful historical information, although both take more of a "how the white man opened up the land" approach than one concerned with what the indigenous inhabitants thought of the whole business. Harry J. Boyle's Memories of a Catholic Boyhood (PaperJacks, \$1.50), is a gentle reminder of how amusing the good old days seem. now that we no longer have to live them.  $\square$ 

# **PERIODICALLY SPEAKING**

#### BY MORRIS WOLFE

**MONEY** — mostly **the** lack of it-has been a **recurring** theme in Canadian periodicals. this month. Cinema Canada has suspended publication for lack of funds. So has The Atlantic Provinces Book Review after just one **issue.** According to editor Jim **Lotz**, St. Mary's University has lost interest in the **project.** Out on the West Coast. because of rising costs the **University** of Victoria is considering the discontinuation of Robin Skelton's excellent international quarterly, The Malahat Review. Letters of support can be sent directly lo **Skelton** or **to** the President c/o the University of Victoria. In an' editorial in the current issue of *Malahat* (#33), Skeiton comments on the effect the economic problems of book publishers have had on established titers. "... authors," he says, "who would normally, have their work produced by large firms in, let us say, Toronto. New York, and London, are now occupying more and more space in the small press catalogues ... thus ousting the hopeful unknowns.'

SPLITS ON THE LEFT in Ontario are frequent. The Waffle, which had been forced out of the Ontario NDP a couple of years ago, recently underwent a split of its own. With it came the death of its official publication, North Country.

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&HOUSE OF ANANSI PRESS.

Now we have a new magazine, Ontario Review, whose production collective includes former Waffle leader James Laxer. An editorial in the first issue apologizes to readers who may be puzzled by what's going on: "... if we've caused you a little confusion because of our penchant for indulging in left splits, we're sorry."

DOROTHY LIVESAY will publish and edit a new poetry quarterly, CV II (Department of English, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg). The magazine. whose **first** issue will appear in April, will publish some poems but will concentrate on criticism. The original CV (Alan Crawley's Contemporary Verse) was begun when there were almost no outlets in Canada for the publication of poetry., Poets such. as Louis Dudek, James Reaney, Jay Macpherson, Daryl Hine, P. K. Page, Anne Marriott and Miriam Waddington appeared in print for the first time in its pages. CV II arrives at a time when there have never been more outlets for poets. According to Livesay, "what is called for now is criticism: voices from one end of Canada to the other expressing their criteria for good poetry and reporting critically on what is happening regionally."

THE AMERICAN QUARTERLY Modern Fiction Studies (Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana) is soliciting articles 6,000 to 8,000 words in length for a special issue on modem Canadian fiction. which will appear in the fall of 1976. "Modem" is interpreted by MFS as being since 1945.

# LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

## FLASHING **THE WRONG** ID

I was interested to read in the January issue of Books in Canada that I had made an "ad feminam attack" on Margaret Atwood in the Canadian Forum. This information was surprising, as / have never written anything about Margaret Atwood in the Canadian Forum or, indeed, anywhere else. In fact, iris a good many years since I wrote anything on any subject for the Canadian Forum. Perhaps, in future. you and your staff will take the trouble to check this kind of thing. What seems to have happened is this. An anti-Atwood editorial did appear in the Forum. It wee signed with initials that the careless reader might have assumed em mine. No On troubled to ask me, or the Forum, who had actually written the piece in question, I assure you. Ms. Atwood, end anyone else who cares, that I do not "resent her

fame." And I hope that you will find an appropriate means of correcting this silly mistake in an early issue of *Books in Canada*.

Ian M. Drummond Toronto

Editor's note: We apologize most sincerely to Mr. Drummond for our carelessness. The correct ID, we learn belatedly, was Ioian Davey.

#### A BRIT TO THE EYEBALLS?

Sir:

Much as I admired the caricature of Macdonald by Martin Vaughn-James (not Michael, as your contents page inadvertantly lists him) on the cover of the February issue, I feel it incorporates an element of symbolism that is et odds with history.

Macdonald is shown with the new Canadian flag in his eyes, as if a totally independent Canada represented his visionary ideal. Yet this was the men who insisted: "A British subject / was born end a British subject I shall die."

I'm sure Macdonald's vision of Canada's future included a comer of a heraldic field that was forever England. The flag in his eyes should have been the old Canadian ensign now adopted by the Province of Ontario.

> Patrick Oliver Toronto

#### **DAVEY SHORT-CHANGED**

Sir

Although k's a pleasure to see a Martin Vaughn-James illustration in your February issue, the amount of space alloted to MW's review of From There to Here by Frank Davey is less commendable.

As an occasional reviewer for Books in Canada end other periodicals. I'm aware of the shortage of space for reviews. Bet surely Davey's work deserves es much attention as Atwood's new poetry collection -or any of the other new books "featured" in February? It may not achieve the sales of Survival, but Davey's book is at least as worthy of attention on any grounds of relevance or scope of CanLit discussed.

And, furthermore, it is unusual among recent Canadian literary criticism in attempting a primarily stylistic, or formal, approach. It seems to me that you owe both Frank Davey end your readership an apology for treating so curily a book that could generate interest in many not-so-famous but important Canadian novelists and poets.

John Oughton Toronto

#### **CLARIFYING OBSCURANTISM**

Sir:

We make very pod use of Books in Canada for our book ordering.

Would it be possible in a future issue for you to list all the publishers and their addresses? Some of the publishers are rather obscure and our suppliers have difficulty locating them.

Peggy MacDonald Calgary Public Library

Editor's note: We appreciate Ms. MacDonald's problem and in future will make it our policy to include the addresses of the more obscure presses—assuming we can trace them ourselves.

# crostic No.3

By DIANA FILER

- A. Beverage that oils Newfles
- 105 118 100 4 147 208 48
- B. American civil war general (1808-1894) (Jacob)
- 33 190 20 61 132
- C. Novel by the Merlin of Massey College (2 words)
- 75 93 120
- D. Bottoms up (3 words)
- 9 92 47 172 99 138 37 213 119 185
- E. Eskimo
- F. Publisher of Calgary Eye-Opener
- G. Station where Hudson's Bay Company residents trade
- H. A deviant square
- "Rossum's Universal (play by Capek)
- J. Richard Rohmer's latest
- the Family" --- social organization with headquarters in Ottawa (2 words)
- L. Toronto Maple Leafs' right wing
- M. Profit; gain advantage (3 words)

- 58 26 184 169 60 65 192 42 155 83
- - 124 201
- 170 30 63 203 II5
- 53 146 210 110 126 165 34
- 152 49 188 23 141 127 162
- 171 112 11 57 35 31
- 36 173 24 45 19 129
- 151 98 38 189 22 202 67 1 217 82
  - 72 158
- <u>54 7 215 136 117 40 216 62 14 161</u> 84 39 25 3 144
- 177 76 6 <u>211</u> 145
- 18 103 166 130 200 87 140 121 5 167

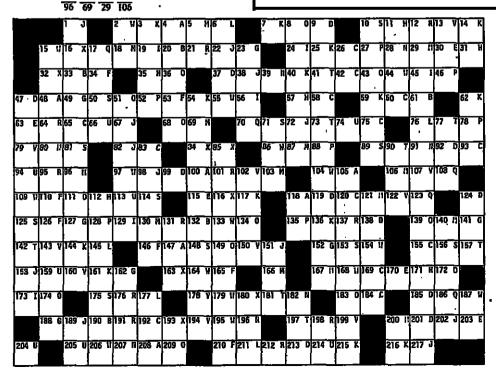
- N. Chattered: scolded
- O. "Right\_ legal power that usually accrues to ownership (2 words)
- P. Poet awarded for Lies
- Q. "... dromedaries of Midian and - "
  (Isaiah 60:6)
- R. Right now (3 words)
- S. Decline; degenerate (4 words)
- T. What mom bakes (2 words)
- il. Class of cold-blooded vertebrates including lizards, snakes, turtles
- v. Unlike
- W. Montreal publishing house (2 words)
- Volatile liquid hydrocarbon mixture

- 196 207 91 39 182 28
- 183 174 139 36 134 31 209 43 111 149 68 8
- 46 128 135 27 52 78 88
- 108 70 186 17 123
- 12 95 212 176 21 191 131 64 101 198
  - 137
- 10 89 175 153 50 114 71 156 125 81
- 197 73 142 181 41 90 77 157
- 204 66 203 159 94 74 214 113
- 199 79 13 178 194 102 160 143 122 150
- 97 133 44 195 104 168 80 2 109 107
  - 15 164 86 35 179 206 187 154
- 193 163 16 116 85 32 180

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